Key changes to KCSIE / Nitrous Oxide / New Social Media: Yubo / Incel Subculture / Forced Marriage / Updated Prevent Guidance - September 2023

# SAFEGUARDING



### **KEY KCSIE CHANGES FOR 2023-24**

As we enter a new academic year, there are some key changes within Keeping Children Safe in Education (KCSIE) that we need to be aware of:

- From February 2023, the age of marriage increased to 18 (read more information later in the newsletter)
- When hiring out facilities, e.g. a sports hall, guidance for 'outof-school' setting must be followed
- The term 'missing from education' has changed to '<u>absent</u> from education' - often student location is known
- Regarding the Prevent Duty, the term 'vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism' has changed to '<u>susceptible</u> to being drawn into terrorism'
- Job candidates now need to be informed that online searches will be carried out on shortlisted candidates

## WELCOME BACK!



CLICK ON THE IMAGE ABOVE TO ACCESS THE FULL KCSIE 2023 DOCUMENT, OR SCAN THE QR CODE ON THE RIGHT IF READING A PRINT VERSION



#### NITROUS OXIDE

ALSO KNOWN AS - BALLOONS/CHARGERS/HIPPIE CRACK/LAUGHING GAS/NOS/NOZ/WHIPPITS

Inhaling nitrous oxide directly from the canister is incredibly dangerous, as is doing so in an enclosed space. If you take too much nitrous oxide, you risk falling unconscious and/or suffocating from the lack of oxygen. **People have died this way.** As of 2016, nitrous oxide is covered by the Psychoactive Substances Act and is illegal to supply for its psychoactive effect.



If you are worried about someone you know using nitrous oxide, or think a member of the WQE community has it in their possession on campus, please contact the Safeguarding Team. For more information about nitrous oxide and its risks, please click <u>here</u> or scan the QR code on the left.



STUDENT ASSISTANCE





## **MISOGYNY AND INCEL SUBCULTURE**

**Misogyny** is a term which may be used to describe sexism, bias, bigotry, discrimination or intolerance, but where the dislike, contempt and prejudice against women is ingrained. Misogyny may manifest physically and verbally in many forms of behaviours directed at women, such as voicing contempt and hatred, verbal and physical abuse and sexual harassment.

The term **'incels'** is an abbreviated blend of the term 'involuntary celibates.' Incels define themselves by their inability to have sexual or romantic relationships, despite desiring them. However, this incel community has become dominated by heterosexual men who have a bleak and misogynistic worldview. This subculture emerged from what is known as the **'manosphere'** - online forums where misogynistic views are prevalent.

They believe that the most attractive men, known as **'Chads'**, attract the most attractive women, known as **'Stacys'**, leaving less attractive women for men residing in the middle of the hierarchy, known as **'normies'** and none for those at the bottom of the hierarchy - the incels.

At the most extreme end of this spectrum are those that subscribe to the 'black pill' ideology. Incels who metaphorically take the 'black pill' accept their nihilistic fate of inferiority, making them feel less desirable and with no chance of establishing sexual relationships. Being 'blackpilled' becomes the ultimate expression of indoctrination to inceldom, culminating in one choice: to kill themselves and/or others.

With links to violent extremism, incels are classified within HM Government's anti-radicalisation strategy (Prevent), as having a 'mixed, unstable or unclear' ideology.

Most recent data reveals that such ideologies account for more than half of all referrals to Prevent programmes. Counter terrorism police figures reveal that more under-18s were arrested for terrorism offences in the 12 months to March 2022 than in any other year.

More than 50 cases of incel-related violence have been documented since 2014. Cases include the murder of five people in Plymouth by Jake Davison in 2021, who expressed misogynistic views on online incel fo<u>rums</u>.

Boys as young as 12 are being drawn into misogynistic ideology as the **'incelosphere'** moves beyond dedicated forums to other online spaces such as Instagram, TikTok, Discord and Twitch.



CLICK <u>HERE</u> TO WATCH BBC DOCUMENTARY 'INSIDE THE SECRET WORLD OF INCELS' OR SCAN THE QR CODE TO THE RIGHT



## FORCED MARRIAGE - WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

What is the difference between an ARRANGED MARRIAGE and a FORCED MARRIAGE?

An **arranged marriage** is when the families of both partners arrange the marriage. This is legal so long as it is consensual between both people and they are both at least 18 years of age. A **forced marriage** is when families plan a marriage, and the people getting married do not agree to it and are forced to get married. Even when just one of the two people getting married do not agree to the marriage, it is a forced marriage. It is also a forced marriage when anyone arranges for someone to get married before they are 18, even without forcing them.

Forced marriage can involve threats and abuse from family. Some people who do not fully understand what marriage is can be tricked or persuaded into getting married. This is also a forced marriage.

It is a criminal offence to do anything which causes a child to marry before they are 18, even if the child is not forced to marry. This is also the case even if it is not a legal marriage/ceremony.

Most victims of forced marriage are women and girls, often aged 16 to 25 years old. Some are women with disabilities.

Forced marriage is a serious abuse of human rights.

CLICK THE IMAGE TO THE RIGHT TO ACCESS THE GOV.UK FORCED MARRIAGE RESOURCE PACK, OR SCAN THE QR CODE IF READING A PRINT VERSION OF THIS NEWSLETTER





#### **UPDATED PREVENT DUTY GUIDANCE - SEPTEMBER 2023**

The aim of Prevent is to stop people from becoming terrorists or supporting terrorism. The objectives of Prevent are to:

- · tackle the ideological causes of terrorism
- intervene early to support people susceptible to radicalisation
- enable people who have already engaged in terrorism to disengage and rehabilitate

This is statutory guidance for England and Wales, issued on 7 September 2023.

#### CLICK <u>HERE</u> TO ACCESS THE UPDATED STATUTORY GUIDANCE OR SCAN THE QR CODE TO THE RIGHT









